

- * Regathering of Israel Ezek. 37:1-14
- * Apostasy of the Earth 1 Tim 4:1; 2 Tim 3:1; 2 Thess. 2:3
- * Movement to World Gov. Rev. 17:12
- * Faithful of the Gentiles care for Israel Matt 25
- * "666" : The world worships the Beast 2 Thess. 2:4; Rev. 13:15-18
- * 2 witnesses killed by Anti-Christ Rev. 11:7
- * Jerusalem destroyed Rev. 11:13
- * Judgments intensify Rev. 16
- * Beast's kingdom destroyed Rev. 16:17-21; Ch. 18
- * Armies of the East attack Anti-Christ Rev. 16:12-16
- * Israel calls upon Jehovah Zech. 12:1-10

+ (Church Age) Rapture Bema Tribulation: First 3 1/2 Years Mid-Tribulation Last 3 1/2 Years The Return Resurrection of Trib. & C.T. Saints

- 1 Thess. 4:13 | 2 Co. 5:10
- Rev. 17:12 : Dan. 7:24 : Arisal of a 10 Nation Union in Europe
- 2 Thess. 2:4; Rev. 17:12 : All Authority to Anti-Christ
- Rev. 13:11-17 : World Church : False Prophet
- Zech. 13:15-17; Dan. 9:27 : Anti-Christ Covenants with Israel
- 2 Thess 2: 4; Dan. 9:27 : Israel Establishes Temple
- Rev. 6 : Judgments begin
- Rev. 7:4-8 : 144,000 begin to preach
- Rev. 7:9-17 : Gentile Revival
- Satan cast to Earth Rev. 12:7-12
- Israel invaded from North Ezek. 38:1-16
- God's Intervention Ezek. 38:17
- Anti-Christ moves to Jerus. Dan. 11:45
- Anti-Christ breaks covenant Dan. 9:27
- Judgments intensify Rev. 8:9
- Anti-Christ seats himself as God 2 Thess. 2:4
- ...and destroys the World Church Rev. 17:16
- The faithful of Israel flee Rev. 12:13-17
- 2 Witnesses preach to apostate Jerusalem Rev. 11:1-13
- Rev. 11
- Rev. 20:4; Dan. 12:2,3
- The "Sign" of Christ Matt 24:29-30
- Deliv. of Jerus. Zech. 14:1-5
- Destruction of Armies Rev. 19:17-21; Zech. 14:12
- Beast False Prophet
- Satan bound for 1000 years Rev. 20:1-3

Matth. 25	Rev. 20:4	Rev. 20:7-8	Rev. 20:9	Rev. 20:10	Rev. 20:11 : 2 Peter 3: 10	Rev. 20:12	Rev. 20 13-15	Rev. 21:1-27	Rev. 22: 1-4
Judgments	Kingdom	Release of Satan	Rebellion	Satan's End	Destruction of All Things	Great White Throne	Hell	Re-creation	Glorv →

- * Israel
- * World
- * Nature Subdued Is. 11: 6-9; Rom. 8:21
- * Jehovah over all Zech. 14:9 ; Zeph. 3:9
- **Man' exalted Heb. 2: 5-10
- *Israel's covenants fulfilled
- Abrahamic Gen. 12:3
- Davidic Hosea 3:5; Jer. 30 : 9; Ez. 34: 24
- Palestinian Duet. 30: 1-10
- New Covenant Jer. 31: 31-34

The Doctrine of the Bible

The uniqueness of the Bible.

1. Its unity and diversity
2. Its falsifiability
3. Its treatment of history
4. Prophecy
5. Salvation as theocentric
6. The Trinity
7. Israel
8. Morality and ethics
9. Effect on history
10. Breadth of authority

Revelation: The mind of God to the mind of the author.

I Cor. 2:9-12

Inspiration: The mind of the author to the pen and document. Preserving as inerrant in the words of the original autographs.

2 Peter 1:20-21

It is :

1. verbal and
2. plenary.

Illumination: The inspired document to the mind of the reader or listener.

I John 2:27; 4:6

Canonicity: The ability of God's people to discern God's writings.

Tests of canonicity:

1. Author
2. Claims
3. Exaltation of Christ
4. Unity of doctrine
5. The mind and heart of the church

Is the canon closed? Yes...

1. According to Christ
John 16:13-14
2. According to theology
3. According to history
4. According to morality

Interpretation: According to:

1. Grammar
2. Context
3. Theology
4. Original languages
5. Dispensations

Theology Proper The Doctrine of God

I. God's Existence

1. Cosmological Argument Rom. 1:18-21; Ps. 19
2. Teleological Argument Acts 14:17
3. Anthropological Argument Acts 17:27-29
4. Moral Argument Rom. 2:1-3

II. God's Nature

1. One Duet. 6:4 ; Jn. 17:3
2. Triune Matt.28:19 ; 2 Cor. 13:14
3. Spirit Jn. 4:24
 - i.e. a. Personal
 - b. Unconfined by matter or space
4. Infinite or omnipresent Ps. 139:7-10
He is unconfined by time, thus eternal
and by space, thus omnipresent.
5. Knowledgeable
 - a. of all knowledge, thus omniscient Ps. 139: 4
 - b. of all future events, thus foreknowledge Rom. 8:29 ; 1 Pet. 1:20 ; Acts 2:23
 - c. and of His means of accomplishment thus wisdom Rom. 11:33
6. Immutable Malachi 3:6 ; Numbers 23:19 ; James 1:17
*Note: Does not change in His person or His word, but may change His actions.
He is immutable but not immobile.
7. Good as seen in His...
 - a. Love: to delight in, desire, acquire, and commune with His subjects
 - b. Benevolence : to create and act unto the creature's happiness
 - c. Mercy : kindness empathy and patience toward the creature's fallenness
 - d. Grace : to act for the creatures good only because of His own pleasure
8. Holiness Isaiah 6:3 Freedom from evil, thus veneration.
9. Justice or righteousness Gen. 18:25 His holiness in dealing with His creatures
Heb. "straight" Gr. "equal"
10. Power Jer. 32:17 His ability to act according to His own perfections and pleasures
11. Freedom or will: His pleasure and righteousness in acting or not acting
His will is
 - a. decretive or sovereign
 - b. preceptive i.e. His rule of man.
 - c. providential His permission and oversight of any event.
12. True Matt. 29:35 Gr. "aletheia: from a-"no" Lethos-"concealment"
 - a. He never lies- limitation by character
 - b. He never errs- limitation by knowledge
 - c. He never disappoints- limitation by power Rom. 3:4

III. God's Position : Sovereign

IV. God's Plan : God's eternal plan whereby through His own counsel and for His own glory He has foreordained whatsoever comes to pass.

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2. Context
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4. Original languages
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Christology
The Doctrine of the Lord Jesus Christ

- I. **His Deity:** ...as proven by...
 - A. His eternity: John 1:1, Isaiah 9:6, Hebrews 1:8, John 8:58.
 - B. His part in creation: Colossians 1:16, John 1:3.
 - C. His titles: Lord, God, Jehovah, Father of Eternity, I AM.
 - D. His Attributes: all-power, all-knowledge, He grants forgiveness, divine life, all judgment, He reveals God.
- II. **His Humanity:** "He was made like His brethren in all things, 'but from sin apart.'"
- III. **His Incarnation:** "Perfect humanity and undiminished deity united in one person without separation or confusion forever."
 - A. As a theanthropic person He:
 1. Reveals God
 2. Reveals man
 3. Fulfills the Davidic Covenant
 4. Serves as Mediator unto man
 5. Defeats Satan
 6. Reconciles all Creation
 7. Serves as the Last Adam
 - B. Phillipians 2:5-7
- IV. **His Virgin Birth:** To demonstrate His incarnation and His freedom from Adam's fall.
- V. **His Offices:**
 - A. Prophet
 - B. Priest
 - C. King
- VI. **His Ministry:**
 - A. Words, Works, Rejection--- (Israel)
 - B. Training of the Twelve, Death, Session in Heaven--- (Church)
 - C. Return--- (Israel)
- VII. **His Death:** A substitutionary death to propitiate God, redeem sin, reconcile man.
- VIII. **His Resurrection:** It demonstrated His sonship (Romans 1:4)
- IX. **His Ascension:** The demonstration of His acceptance and thus those in Him...
- X. **His Session in Heaven:** "All authority has been given to me..."
 - A. He gathers His children and directs them.
 - B. He serves as advocate and intercessor, and as such secures them.
- XI. **His Return:**
 - A. Rapture--to complete our salvation and ready the world for judgment.
 - B. Wrath (the Tribulation)-- to judge a wicked world and purify Israel.
 - C. Return-- to deliver Israel.
- XII. **His Rule or Kingdom:**
 - A. To fulfill the Edenic Covenant
 - B. To fulfill the Davidic Covenant
- XIII. **His Judgment:** To satisfy divine justice and to subjugate the last enemy---death.
- XIV. **Christ Through Eternity:**

Pneumatology
The Doctrine of the Holy Spirit

I. His Personality

1. The Words of Jesus John 14:16
2. Intellect 1 Cor. 2:10
3. Will 1 Cor. 12:11
4. Emotion Eph. 4:30
5. Activity: He does what only a person can do... "teach, guide, speak, anoints".
He responds as only a person can respond. Eph. 4:30; Matt. 12:31; Acts 5:3

II. His Divinity

1. He is called God Acts 5:3-4
2. He is associated in the Trinity Matt. 28:18-20
3. He creates Gen. 1:2; Job 33:4
4. He raises the dead Rom. 8:11
5. He bestows divine life 1 Cor. 12:13
6. He communicates God's unknowable truths 1 Cor. 2:13
7. He is...All-powerful Gen. 1:2,...omni-present Ps. 139,...omniscient Ps. 139

III. His Work

A. In the Old Testament

1. He creates Gen. 1:2; Job 33:4
2. He anoints judges, kings, and workers
3. He reveals to prophets Num. 24:2
4. He physically transports 1 Kings 18:12
5. He spiritually transports Ezek. 8:3

B. In the New Testament

--The Ministry of Christ

1. The conception of Christ Matt. 1:18
2. The praise of God through Mary and Elizabeth Luke 1:41, 67
3. The ministry of John the Baptist Luke 1:15
4. The empowering of Jesus Matt. 3:16
5. The leading of Jesus Matt. 4:1
6. The preaching of Jesus Luke 4:18
7. The miracles of Jesus -Matt. 12:28, and of the apostles -Heb. 2:4

--In Conversion

1. The inspiration of N.T. authors II Tim. 3:16, 1 Cor. 2:12; Jn. 16:13-15; Jn. 14:26
2. Conviction John 16:7-11
3. Conversion John 3:5; Titus 3:5; Jer. 31:31-34
4. Baptism into Christ 1 Cor. 12:13
5. He gifts believers 1 Cor. 12:11
6. He indwells 1 Cor. 6:19
7. He seals Eph. 1:13
8. He secures Eph. 1:14

--In Sanctification

1. He illumines scripture 1 Jn. 2:27
2. He fills Eph. 5:18
3. He leads Gal. 5:18
4. He assures Rom. 8:16
5. He identifies Rom. 8:14
6. He produces Christ-likeness Gal. 5:22
7. He frees from Law Gal. 5:18
8. He helps us in prayer Rom. 8:26-27; Jude 1:20; Eph. 6:18
9. He inspires true fellowship Phil. 2:1
10. He directs His church Acts 13:1-2; Acts 8:29,39; Acts 13:4; Acts 15:28; Acts 16:6
11. He aids in witnessing Acts 1:8; Acts 13:9
12. He raises up leaders Acts 20:28

--In The Tribulation

2 Thess. 2:6-7

--In The Kingdom

Joel 2:28-32

--In Eternity

Rev. 1:4-5

SATANOLOGY
THE DOCTRINE OF THE DEVIL

- I. HIS CREATION** Ezekiel 28:11-15
- II. HIS SIN** Ezekiel 28:16-17; Isaiah 14:12-14; I Timothy 3:7
- III. HIS CORRUPTION OR FALL** John 8:44
“adversary”, “accuser”, “serpent”, “lion”, “dragon”, “destroyer”
- IV. HIS PLACE IN GOD’S PLAN** Job 1
- V. HIS WORK THROUGH HISTORY**
- A. At the Fall of Man** Gen. 3:1f He corrupted the word of God, justice of God, and love of God, as a result man becomes his willing servant.
Gen. 3:15 ; 1 Jn. 5:19 ; Eph. 2:2
2 Cor. 4:4 ; 1 Jn. 3:10 ; Jn. 8:44
- B. At the Corruption of Civilization** Gen. 4 and John 8:44 (c.f. 1 Jn. 3:8-10)
- C. At the Destruction of the Old World** Gen. 6:1-4
- D. At the Corruption of the Post-Flood World** Ps. 106:35-37 (c.f. 1 Cor. 10: 20)
- E. At the Corruption of Israel** I Chron. 21:1 ; Zech. 3:1-5
- F. In the Ministry of Christ** Rev.12:4-5 ; Matt. 4:1f ; Luke 8: 28, 11: 21-23 ;
1 Jn. 3:8 ; Jn. 14:30, 16:11 ; Col. 2:15
- G. In the Ministry of Paul** Acts 13:10 ; Acts 26:18
- H. In the Church Age**
1. To create false “Christians” Matt. 13: 38-39
 2. To raise up false teachers 1 Tim. 4:1-2 ; 2 Cor. 11:14-15
 3. To deceive the saint 2 Cor. 11: 3
 4. To persecute the saint Rev. 2:10 ; 1 Pet. 5: 8-9
- VI. HIS FUTURE**
- A. In the Tribulation**
1. The arisal of Anti-Christ 2 Thess. 2: 6-8 ; Rev. 13:9
 2. The arisal of the false prophet Rev. 13:11
 3. The arisal of a false church Rev. 17:1-5
 4. The persecution of Israel Rev. 12:13-17
- B. In the Kingdom** Rev. 20:1-3, 7-9
- C. In Eternity** Rev. 20:10

ANTHROPOLOGY
The Doctrine of Man

- I. HIS PURPOSE:** Eph. 3:10
- II. HIS CREATION:** Gen. 1 and 2
To know God, enjoy God, serve God, worship God, and glorify God.
- III. HIS GLORY:** Ps. 8 The vice-regent of God.
- IV. HIS FALL:** Gen. 3 "Total Depravity"
- * His Position: "children of wrath..."; "children of the devil..."; "you are of your father, the devil..."
 - * His Nature: "dead"
 - his mind 2 Cor. 4:4
 - his spirit Rom 5:10
 - his body Phil. 3:21
 - * His Hope: "...having no hope and without God..."
- V. HIS REBELLION:** At all points of history he will rebel.
- * In the Garden Gen. 3
 - * In the light of conscience Gen. 4
 - * Under the arm of government Gen. 9
 - * In light of God's promises Gen. 12-50
 - * Under Moses' law Exodus- Christ
 - * Under Grace
 - * In Christ's kingdom Rev. 20:7-10
- VI. HIS SALVATION:** "...by grace are you saved..." Eph. 2:8
- * through God's election 2 Tim. 1:9 ; Rom 9: 15-16
 - * through Christ's death Rom 5:8 ; 2 Cor. 5:21
 - * through efficacious grace or calling Rom 8:29 ; Jn. 6:37
 - * through imputation Rom. 4:4-5
 - * through the Spirit's security Eph. 1:13-14
- VII. HIS EXALTATION:** Col. 1:14 ; Rom. 8:17
- VIII. HIS RULE:** 2 Tim. 2:11 ; Rev. 20:5
- IX. MAN IN ETERNITY:**
- * to glorify God Eph. 2:10 , 3:10
 - * to enjoy God Rev. 22:1-5

Soteriology The Doctrine of Salvation

I. The Nature of the Lost

Is man weak or dead? Is salvation a work of God alone or a co-operative work of God and man?

1. The Pelagian Position : Man is alive... i.e. Man saves.
2. The Augustinian / Reformed Position : Man is dead... i.e. God saves.
3. The Arminian Position : Man is weak... i.e. God and man save.

II. The Ground of Salvation : Christ's Death

1. Atonement "at-one-meet" Lit. "covering"
2. Propitiation to "satisfy" wrath
3. Redemption "to purchase" or "to free"
4. Ransom the payment to free another
5. Reconciliation to "change back" to a peaceful state
6. Imputation or Reckoning "to place to the account"
7. Righteousness. a divine, moral standard
8. Substitution His death "in our place"

III. Types of Salvation

1. Adam
2. The Sacrifice in Eden
3. Abel's Sacrifice
4. Noah's Ark
5. Abraham's Faith
6. Abraham's Sacrifice of Isaac
7. Jacob's Ladder
8. Joseph
9. Passover
10. The Day of Atonement
11. The Temple
12. The Priesthood
13. Moses
14. David

IV. Theories of Christ's Death

1. The Example Theory
2. The Governmental Theory
3. The Abelardian Theory
4. The Penal Substitute or Literal View

V. The Extent of Christ's Death

Limited or Unlimited

VI. The Efficacy of Christ's Death

"...He is able to save to the uttermost those who draw near to God through Him..." Hebrews 7:25

VII. A Chronology of Salvation

1. Foreknowledge Rom. 8:29, 1 Peter 1:2, and Election Eph. 1:4, Rom. 9:18
2. Calling 2 Thess. 2:13, Rom. 8:30, Acts 2:39, Jn. 16:8-11, Jude 1:1, Acts 16:14, Heb. 9:15
3. Faith "sola fide" Rom. 3:28
4. Imputation 2 Cor. 5:21
5. Regeneration Titus 3:5
6. Sealing Eph. 1:13
7. Resurrection 1 Thess. 4:11f

Ecclesiology

The Doctrine of the Church

I. Definition of the Church

Those people, Jew and Gentile, known and chosen from eternity past, to be converted to obedience to God through Jesus Christ, and left on earth to serve Him, preach Him, and glorify Him until the day of His appearing.

II. The "Time" of the Church

A "parenthesis" in God's dealing with Israel. Matt. 21: 43 ; Rom. 11: 25-29

III. The Church's Relationship to Christ

1. Bride to Bridegroom	His Love	Eph. 5: 25
2. People to a last Adam	His Righteousness	I Cor. 15: 21-22
3. Branches to the Vine	His Life	John 15
4. Stones to Foundation	His Stability	1 Pet. 2: 4-5
5. Members to Head	His Direction	1 Cor. 12: 13
6. Priesthood to High Priest	His Service	1 Pet. 2: 9 ; Heb. 10: 21
7. Sheep to Shepherd	His Protection	John 10

IV. The Church's Nature : The New Covenant enacted by the Holy Spirit's work. (2 Cor. 3: 3)

V. The Church's Proof

1. Life or Righteousness (i.e. Struggle)	1 John 2: 4-5
2. Truth	1 John 2: 19
3. Love	1 John 2: 9-10
4. Perseverance	1 Pet. 1: 6-7

VI. The Church's Organization

1. Christ the Head	Col. 1: 18
2. Elders	1 Tim. 3: 1f
3. Deacons	1 Tim. 3: 8
4. Pastors	Eph. 4: 11-12 ; 1 Tim. 4: 14

VII. The Church's Purpose

1. Worship of the true God of Israel	John 4: 24
2. Obedience	Rom. 12: 1-2
3. Glorification	Matt. 5: 16
4. Preaching- "to destroy the works of the devil"	Matt. 28: 18-20
5. Encouragement and Love	1 John 4: 7-8

VIII. The Church's Ordinances

1. Baptism	Matt. 28: 18-20
2. The Lord's Table	1 Cor. 11

IX. The Church's Discipline: Matt. 18: 15-20

X. The Church's Future

1. The Rapture	1 Thess. 4: 13-18
2. The Judgment Seat	2 Cor. 5: 11
3. The Return	Rev. 19: 8, 14
4. The Kingdom	Rev. 20: 4
5. The Eternal State	Rev. 22: 1-4 ; Heb. 12: 22-24

Eschatology
The Doctrine of Last Things

“Thus says the Lord, the King of Israel and His Redeemer the Lord of Hosts: ‘I am the first and I am the last, and there is no other God besides Me. And who is like Me? Let him proclaim and declare it; yes, let him recount it to Me in order, from the time that I established the ancient nation. And let them declare to them the things that are coming and the events that are coming and the events that are going to take place. Do not tremble or be afraid; have I not long since announced it to you and declared it? And you are My witnesses. Is there any God besides Me, or is there any other Rock? I know of none’ .” (Isaiah 44: 6-8)

Keys to last things:

- A. Israel or Bible
- B. Apostasy or Philosophy
- C. The Nations or Politics

- A. Israel: The Abrahamic Covenant (Gen. 12:1-3) Land, Seed, Blessing
- The Palestinaian Covenant (Duet. 30:1-10) Land
- The Davidic Covenant (2 Samuel 7) Seed
- The New Covenant (Jer. 31: 31-34) Blessing

Look for the regathering of Israel: Daniel 9: 27; 2 Thess. 2: 4; Rev. 7: 1-8

B. Apostasy: 2 Thess. 2: 3 ; 1 Tim. 4: 1f ; 2 Tim. 3: 1f

C. The Nations : The arisal of a 10 nation power. Dan. 2, 7 ; Rev. 17